Financial Statements

December 31, 2012

Table of Contents

December 31, 2012

Page <u>Numbe</u>	
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	.4
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION 1	11
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION	12
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS 1	13
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 1	14
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS	21
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS	22
NOTES TO THE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS	23
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	24
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	26
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL AND STATE PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON THE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133 AND STATE OF NEW JERSEY CIRCULAR LETTER 04-04-OMB	28



1

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Commissioners of City of Camden Redevelopment Agency

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activities of City of Camden Redevelopment Agency (the "Agency") as of and for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Celebrating 50 Years of Leading by Example

P.O. Box 7648 • Princeton, NJ 08543-7648 • 609.689.9700 • Fax 609.689.9720

• An Independently Owned Member, McGladrey Alliance

- American Institute of Certified Public Accountants
- New Jersey Society of Certified Public Accountants
- New York Society of Certified Public Accountants
- PENNSYLVANIA INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
- AICPA's Private Companies Practice Section
- AICPA'S CENTER FOR AUDIT QUALITY
- Registered with the PCAOB

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

Auditors' Responsibility (Continued)

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the business-type activities of the Agency as of December 31, 2012 and 2011 and the changes in its financial position and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages four through eight be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements. The schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*, and State of New Jersey Circular Letter 04-04-OMB, and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our reports dated April 23, 2013, and April 4, 2012, for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, respectively, on our consideration of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of those reports is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. Those reports are an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Agency's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mercadion, PC Certified Lible accountants

April 23, 2013

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Introduction

The City of Camden Redevelopment Agency (the "Agency") presents the accompanying annual financial report in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board No. 34 *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments,* hereinafter referred to as GASB 34, and related standards.

Responsibility and Control

The Agency has retained Mercadien, P.C., Certified Public Accountants, to prepare an independent audit of the financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011.

The Agency is responsible for furnishing financial statements and pertinent data for the auditors' review and analysis.

In management's opinion, the financial statements represent, in all material respects, the financial position, and results of operations and cash flows of the Agency as of and for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Mission

The Agency's mission, since its creation on August 27, 1987, is an ongoing coordination with the Mayor and members of City Council to undertake the redevelopment of blighted, underdeveloped and improperly developed areas for the social and economic well being of the City of Camden (the "City") and its citizens.

In keeping with this mission, the Agency continues to focus on developing the physical and economic elements of the City's communities. Our services are geared toward enhancing daily living and commerce throughout the City.

Summary of Agency and Business

The Agency was established by ordinance of the Council of the City and is charged with the redevelopment of blighted areas and areas in danger of being in blight, in an effort to promote public health, safety, welfare and stimulate growth of the City. The City believes these are essential governmental functions that the Agency, operating independently, can perform more efficiently and economically than the City, if the City were to carry out these services directly.

Examples of the types of projects undertaken by the Agency include: rehabilitation of historic buildings; renovation of public facilities; market rate housing construction (for sale); affordable housing rehabilitation (for sale and rental); school construction projects; replacement housing for new school construction; and location assistance for entities relocating from within and outside of the City.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Accomplishments

- American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 ("ARRA") Grants
 - U.S. Environmental Protection Agency \$400,000 for petroleum and hazardous substance assessments at various industrial sites in the City of Camden. All activities and reporting requirements were successfully achieved.
 - U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development \$11.9 million for the Neighborhood Stabilization Program II (NSP2) in seven census tracts: North Camden, Lanning Square, Cooper Plaza, Gateway, Marlton, Stockton and Rosedale, with the following eligible activities: acquisition, new construction, rehabilitation, demolition, bank properties for future redevelopment, and greening of vacant lots. Two major benchmarks are expected to be achieved.
 - The Agency met the congressional mandate for 50% of the total NSP2 award to be expended by the February 2012 deadline. The Agency has also met the mandate to expend 100% of all NSP2 grant funds by February 11, 2013. Beyond the aforementioned activities, job creation and the creation of a Real Estate Asset Management Program (RAMP) has been the result. Also, a Mentoring Program was created that gave a paid work experience in the construction trade for City residents who had completed a certification course in the HUD/Housing Authority of the City of Camden sponsored YouthBuild Training Program.
 - Management of Brownfield Program (City-wide)
 - The Agency continued to manage the City's Brownfield Program under a shared services agreement. Among the terms are: supervising professional services contracts for environmental investigation and remediation, and applying for and administering federal and state grants.
 - The Brownfield Development Areas advisory committee's work for addressing environmental investigation and remediation for the North Camden and Cramer Hill neighborhoods is coordinated by the Agency.
 - A Comprehensive Brownfield Strategic Plan effort was launched by the Agency via a U.S. Environmental Protection Agency grant to the New Jersey Institute of Technology. This plan is under review for publication in 2013.
 - Specific Site Redevelopment Activities
 - Rutgers Graduate Student 104 apartments with commercial space (Downtown District) Completed and opened in September 2012. The Agency assembled land and entered into a redevelopment agreement for the \$55 million, 12-story project with Rutgers-Camden, the owner and manager of the development. One of the three commercial businesses (a 7-11 convenience store) also opened. This project brings energy and jobs to the Cooper Street downtown district.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Accomplishments (Continued)

- Specific Site Redevelopment Activities (Continued)
 - New Roosevelt Plaza Park (Downtown District) The park opened in June 2012. The Agency completed a \$6 million investment in Phase I that included asbestos remediation and demolition of the Parkade Building, a long standing vacant eyesore in front of City Hall. Phase II will include the installation of public art in the park, which is scheduled for completion by the end of 2014.
 - Radio Lofts (Downtown District) This former RCA Victor plant building is scaled for a 100-unit fair market residential condo development. In 2012, the Agency learned that an additional \$2.5 million for environmental remediation is required prior to any construction. The Agency is challenged with obtaining this funding in this economic climate, particularly with the focus on environmental relief from Superstorm Sandy. The Agency continues to work with the developer and the state.
 - Cooper Medical School of Rowan University new facility (Cooper/Lanning Neighborhood) - This \$140 million project was constructed and opened in September 2012. The Agency completed the land assemblage and relocation of businesses for the construction of the medical center. Fifty medical students are enrolled for the first year of operation. The medical school will grow to approximately 400 students, adding 50 more students per year until the 400 student population is achieved.
 - Campbell Soup Redevelopment of International Headquarters and Office Park (Gateway Neighborhood) - Having completed its \$100 million plus World Headquarters expansion for which the Agency assembled land and managed the Brownfield coordination, the Agency continues in its monitoring of the Master Redevelopment Agreement and the coordination of Brownfield work. While the impact of the current economic climate challenges the Office Park outcome, Campbell Soup is moving aggressively in its recruitment of developers for the Park.
 - Ray and Joan Kroc Recreation Center (Cramer Hill Neighborhood) The Salvation Army is the recipient of a \$50 million grant from the Ray and Joan Kroc Foundation for a recreation center. Construction began in 2012. The Agency's role is land assemblage, sale of land, and administration of approximately \$20 million in grants for the remediation of a long standing "dump." The total cost for the 120,000 square foot recreation center is over \$77 million. The Center is scheduled for completion in 2014.
 - Catto School Demonstration with Stockton Park (Dudley Neighborhood) Both the school and park are open. The construction work for the \$70 million grant from the New Jersey School Development Authority has been completed, with oversight of the park turned over to the City's management. The Agency is working with the New Jersey School Development Authority to close out the grant.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Accomplishments (Continued)

- **Redevelopment Study and Plans** The Agency assists the City Department of Planning and Development in its planning priorities by acting as a pass-through for funding from the Economic Recovery Board for planning consultant services. Several significant redevelopment studies and plans are underway and are central to critical redevelopment activities. Namely, redevelopment studies and plans will be prepared and completed for Whitman Park, Admiral Wilson Boulevard, East Camden and the North Camden Prison site.
- Central Waterfront Parking The Agency acted as the City's agent for the acquisition and land assemblage of properties through eminent domain, providing more than 1,200 temporary overflow parking spaces utilized by the Susquehanna Center for its concert series. The parking authority maintains and enforces the parking in that area. As a settlement was reached in the condemnation action with the prior property owners, the City realized more than \$400,000 in back taxes. This also gave the City the ability to negotiate for additional funds for the additional parking spaces. In 2013, the Agency will acquire the final five properties to complete the required temporary overflow parking space requirement set by the Susquehanna Center.
- Neighborhood Stabilization Program II (NSP2) Phase II As mentioned above, seven neighborhoods received the redevelopment benefit resulting from activities: acquisition, new construction, rehabilitation, demolition, landbanking properties for future redevelopment, and greening of vacant lots. Phase II will focus on Lanning Square/Cooper Plaza with the "Eds and Meds," Gateway and North Camden.
- Real Estate Asset Management Program (RAMP) RAMP is a customer service driven system for the redevelopment of Agency owned property that results in an improved quality of life for residents and businesses, and sustainable revenues for the City. One of the great achievements funded by the NSP2 grant is the development of RAMP. The disposition of properties in the RAMP inventory will also stimulate operating revenue. The program will allow the Agency to make huge strides in targeting and planning for specific development, particularly in the NSP2 areas. Staff members working with RAMP received asset management training online from the Neighborworks Institute.

Financial Analysis

				2011 to 2012	2011 to 2012
	2012	2011	2010	<u>\$ Change</u>	% Change
Total Assets	\$45,410,412	\$47,781,640	\$42,255,903	\$ (2,371,228)	(5.0)%
Total Liabilities	4,185,922	5,287,085	5,358,923	(1,101,163)	(20.8)%
Net Position	41,224,490	42,494,555	36,896,980	(1,270,065)	(3.0)%
Total Operating Revenue	21,637,573	17,383,481	17,639,972	4,254,092	24.5 %
Total Operating Expense	21,516,035	13,970,600	17,859,018	7,545,435	54.0 %

Total Assets

• Total assets decreased by \$2,371,228 or 5.0% compared to 2011 activities due to a decrease in capital assets as a result of land transferred during the fiscal year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

Financial Analysis (Continued)

Total Liabilities

• Total liabilities decreased by \$1,101,163 or 20.8% compared to 2011. This change was primarily due to the decrease in accounts payable and accrued expenses.

Total Net Position

• Total net position decreased by \$1,270,065 or 3.0%, primarily due to a loss on sale of land.

Total Operating Revenue

- The following two major categories affected total operating revenue:
 - Grant Revenue increased by \$4,083,767, or 25.2%, due to a increase in activities of the NSP2 grant managed by the Agency.
 - Project Management Fees increased by \$166,602, or 16.6%, due to an increase in the NSP2 project managed by the Agency.

Total Operating Expense

• Total operating expense increased by \$7,545,435, or 54.0%, compared to 2011. This change was primarily due to an increase of \$7,195,484 or 61.0% in relocation and acquisition expenses for grant funded projects since the cost of acquiring land is capitalized upon purchase of the property.

Capital Assets

The Agency's capital assets primarily consist of land inventory contributed to the Agency by the City or acquired by the Agency.

Debt

Intergovernmental loans payable in the amount of \$210,398 is the result of two separate outstanding debts due to the County and New Jersey Redevelopment Authority ("NJRA").

- Debt to the County in the amount of \$114,260; the County administrator's office has provided proof of the debt and the terms of repayment have been agreed to. The Agency intends to repay the debt within the 2013 fiscal year.
- Debt to the NJRA in the amount of \$96,138; the NJRA and the Agency are in the process of determining terms of the repayment.

New Business and Goals

Neighborhood Stabilization Program 2: (NSP2): During 2012, the Agency continued its focus on redevelopment work in the target neighborhoods of Cooper-Lanning, Gateway, Downtown, Cramer Hill, North Camden, Parkside, Centerville, Fairview, Whitman Park (in which two redevelopment projects were completed and plans for potential retail development are moving forward). Commercial developments, various market rate and affordable housing, infrastructure upgrades, open space, environmental investigation and remediation will be reflected in the work. Specific work will include, among others, Radio Lofts (market condos), Cooper Grant Phase II (market housing) and Haddon Transit Village Hub (retail center and market housing).

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

New Business and Goals (Continued)

The NSP2 implementation required a good deal of staff time as 100% of the program funding was required to be expended by February 11, 2013.

By 2012, the Agency had authorized \$7.9 million in NSP2 construction and permanent loans to redevelopers for housing developments in NSP2 target areas. Of this amount, \$4.4 million in loans are scheduled for repayment. Under NSP2 regulations, income generated from the use of NSP2 funds is characterized as program income. Largely, the Agency has generated program income through principal and interest repayments on loans made to NSP2 developers for preconstruction, construction and bridge financing as well as for permanent mortgage financing purposes. While program income is subject to the same regulations that govern the use of NSP2 grant funds, program income may be recycled to fund all originally approved NSP2 activities. The Agency projects that in 2013, some \$1.7 million in program income will be made available for reuse, and 10% of that amount may be used by the Agency to fund administration costs.

The Agency's implementation of RAMP greatly assists in generating revenues for the City. These activities will include disposition through redevelopment agreements and such. Notably, the Agency's property inventory significantly increased through acquisitions of certain property within the Cooper/Lanning neighborhood, an NSP2 target area.

From the Tax Lien Finance Corporation, in 2012, over 118 properties were added to the RAMP inventory. In early 2013, the Agency expects to acquire 91 properties from the City, and 48+/-additional tax lien foreclosure properties from the City. To supplement land assembly within Cooper/Lanning and to further increase the Agency's property inventory, the Agency will seek to acquire area vacant lots and structures that are held by private owners with grants from the Economic Recovery Board. Certain of these properties within NSP2 target areas are slated for rehabilitation or new construction. Others are slated for institutional development by Cooper Hospital Systems, Rowan University, and developers of a charter school for elementary students. The remaining will be landbanked for redevelopment purposes.

During 2013, the Agency will work with the Cooper/Lanning residents and institutional stakeholders in a process that will prepare the area for redevelopment. The City has imposed a two-year timeframe within which the Agency is to identify redevelopment sites, coordinate an inclusionary and participatory process for both residents and institutional stakeholders in area redevelopment, select redevelopers, and put shovels in the ground.

Solar Panel Field: New Jersey selected ten former landfill sites to participate in a feasibility study by the U.S. Department of Energy National Renewable Energy Laboratories (NREL) for the development of a Solar Panel Field, sited for acreage near the Kroc Center that is under construction. The goal is for the Solar Panel Field to reduce the operational cost for the Kroc Center. The completed study is currently under review by the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection. Assuming that feasibility and appropriate funding are in the plan, the Agency will move to development.

Comprehensive Economic Development Strategy (CEDS): The CEDS was completed in the Fall of 2012. The Agency is coordinating with the City Administration on strategic execution of projects in the eight economic development districts reflected in the CEDS; namely, Downtown, North Camden, Cramer Hill/ East Camden, Admiral Wilson, Centerville/ Morgan Village/ Fairview, Liberty Park/ Parkside/ Whitman Park, Cooper Plaza/ Lanning Square/ Bergen Square and Waterfront South. The Agency continues identifying redevelopment opportunities directed by the City's Master Plan, CEDS, Redevelopment Plans and Neighborhood Plans, where they exist.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (CONTINUED)

New Business and Goals (Continued)

Human Resources: During 2011, two bargaining units were certified: United Food and Commercial Workers Local 1360 will represent supervisory and non-supervisory positions. A bargaining agreement has yet to be finalized. The Agency will work with these units to assure a strong office environment.

Contacting the Agency

If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, you may contact management at City of Camden Redevelopment Agency, City Hall Suite 1300, P.O. Box 95120, Camden, NJ 08102.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

	Decem	ber 31
	2012	2011
ASSETS	-	
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,272,258	\$ 3,936,134
Rent receivable, net of allowance for uncollectible amounts of		
\$24,750 for 2012 and 2011	27,600	27,600
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for uncollectible		
amounts of \$21,317 for 2012 and 2011	39,380	41,486
Grants receivable	<u> 1,394,762 </u>	1,174,714
Total current assets	4,734,000	<u>5,179,934</u>
Noncurrent assets		
Notes receivable	600,000	600,000
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation of \$114,016 in		
2012 and 2011	40,076,412	42,001,706
Total noncurrent assets	40,676,412	42,601,706
Total Assets	<u>\$45,410,412</u>	<u>\$47,781,640</u>
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION		
Current liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	• •	\$ 2,366,923
Accrued interest payable	225,244	
Unearned revenue	2,140,627	, ,
Intergovernmental loans payable	210,398	
Total liabilities	4,185,922	5,287,085
Net Position		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	39,866,014	41,791,308
Unrestricted	1,358,476	703,247
Total Net Position	41,224,490	42,494,555
Total Liabilities and Net Position	<u>\$45,410,412</u>	<u>\$47,781,640</u>

.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Year Ended D	
	2012	2011
Operating revenues	¢00.000.004	MAD 405 047
		\$16,185,917
Project management and administrative fees	1,170,968	1,004,366
Rental income	159,316	153,816
In-kind revenue	37,605	39,382
Total operating revenues	21,637,573	17,383,481
Operating expenses		
Relocation and acquisition expenses	18,985,708	11,790,224
Project consulting and management fees	777,847	446,152
Salaries and benefits	1,015,267	1,263,308
Professional fees	160,150	103,075
Insurance expense	184,126	220,623
In-kind salaries	· -	1,777
Payroll taxes and service fees	74,564	79,617
Other operating expenses	254,102	6,163
In-kind rent	37,605	37,605
Office supplies	11,408	13,030
Training and conferences	13,995	4,380
Marketing	1,263	3,183
Travel		1,463
Total operating expenses	21,516,035	13,970,600
Operating income	121,538	3,412,881
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)		
Interest revenue	354	596
Interest expense	(11,958)	(11,958)
Net nonoperating expenses	(11,604)	(11,362)
Net honoperating expenses		
Change in net position before capital contributions and loss on		
acquisition and sale of land	109,934	3,401,519
Conital contributions	2,406,322	5 865 272
Capital contributions		5,865,272
Loss on acquisition of land	(187,035)	(2,899,605)
Loss on sale of land	(3,599,286)	(769,611)
Change in net position	(1,270,065)	5,597,575
Net position, beginning of year	42,494,555	36,896,980
Net position, end of year	<u>\$41,224,490</u>	<u>\$42,494,555</u>

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	Year Ended I	Jocomber 31
		2011
Cook flows from an article static	2012	2011
Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash received from grants income	\$ 19,693,785	\$ 13,929,202
Cash received from rental income	159,316	153,816
Other operating cash receipts	1,173,074	1,002,204
Payments made to employees for services	(1,015,267)	(1,263,308)
Payments made to suppliers for goods and services	(21,220,433)	(11,172,392)
Net cash from operating activities	(1,209,525)	2,649,522
Not out in one operating dollwrise		2,010,022
Cook flows from nonconital financing activities		
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities	054	500
Proceeds from other nonoperating sources	354	596
Net cash from noncapital financing activities	354_	596
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities		
Cash received from land sales	742,883	269,387
Purchase of capital assets	(197,588)	(4,078,017)
Net cash from capital and related financing activities	545,295	(3,808,630)
Not odor nom odpital and rolatod interioring dotivited	0-10,200	
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(663,876)	(1,158,512)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	3,936,134	5,094,646
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 3,272,258	<u>\$ 3,936,134</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>\$ 3,272,230</u>	$\frac{9}{9}$ 3,330,134
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash from operating		
activities		
Operating income	<u>\$ 121,538</u>	<u>\$ 3,412,881</u>
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash from		
operating activities		
Increase (decrease) in cash from		
Accounts receivable	2,106	(2,162)
Grants receivable		• • •
	(220,048)	(677,401)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(757,270)	1,495,518
Deferred revenue	(355,851)	<u>(1,579,314)</u>
Total adjustments	(1,331,063)	<u> (763,359)</u>
Net cash from operating activities	<u>\$ (1,209,525)</u>	<u>\$ 2,649,522</u>

••

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Description of Financial Reporting Entity

City of Camden Redevelopment Agency (the "Agency"), was organized on August 27, 1987, after Council of the City of Camden, New Jersey (the "City") adopted an ordinance establishing the Agency and delegating its redevelopment functions. The Agency was created to acquire, plan, reconstruct and redevelop certain areas within the City to promote public health, safety and welfare, stimulate growth and preserve existing values of land.

The Agency's board is made up of seven commissioners, appointed by the City Council. Executive and administrative responsibility rests with the Executive Director, who is appointed by the board.

Component Unit

The Agency adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 39 *Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units*. This standard supersedes GASB Statement No. 14 *The Financial Reporting Entity* for determining whether the Agency is a component unit of the City. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 39, the Agency is not considered a component unit of the City.

Basis of Accounting, Measurement Focus and Basis of Presentation

The Agency follows a proprietary fund type basis of accounting. Thus, the accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America on that basis as an enterprise fund.

Enterprise funds are used to account for activities that are operating in a manner similar to private business enterprises. Enterprise funds are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when they are incurred.

In its accounting and financial reporting, the Agency follows the pronouncements of the GASB and other entities that promulgate accounting principles according to a hierarchy of sources of accounting principles. Per GASB Statement 55, The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments, priority is established as to which source of accounting principles to utilize in determining proper accounting treatment. The hierarchy is as follows: GASB Statements and Interpretations; GASB Technical Bulletins; American Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("AICPA") Industry Audit and Accounting Guides and AICPA Statements of Position, if applicable and cleared by GASB; AICPA Practice Bulletins, if applicable and cleared by GASB; Implementation Guides published by the GASB; AICPA pronouncements that are not specifically applicable to state and governmental entities; Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Statements and Interpretations; and Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins of the Committee on Accounting Procedure (issued on or before November 30, 1989). The Agency has elected not to follow FASB pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989. The Agency follows the hierarchy in determining accounting treatment.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Agency must adopt an annual budget in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:31-2, which requires the governing body to introduce the Agency's annual budget at least 60 days prior to the end of the current fiscal year and to adopt it no later than the beginning of the Agency's fiscal year. The budget is adopted on the accrual basis of accounting. The Agency's board may amend the budget at any point during the year.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that may affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include petty cash, escrow deposits and cash on deposit with public depositories.

New Jersey municipal units are required by N.J.S.A. 40A:5-14 to deposit public funds in a bank or trust company having its place of business in the State of New Jersey and organized under the laws of the United States or of the State of New Jersey, or in the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund. N.J.S.A. 40A:5-15.1 provides a list of investments, which may be purchased by New Jersey municipal units.

Allowance for Uncollectible Amounts

The allowance for uncollectible amounts is management's estimate of potential losses based on historical experience and current economic conditions. The allowance is increased by the bad debt provision charged to expense. Amounts determined to be uncollectible are charged against the allowance and subsequent recoveries, if any, are recorded in revenue.

Capital Assets

Capital assets include land inventory held by the Agency, which consists of land and properties contributed by the City of Camden, and properties purchased from loan and grant funds. These properties are subsequently developed with the assistance of the Agency, donated to the City of Camden, and sold to the public and private developers. The City of Camden's tax assessor office determines the value of contributed properties based on the taxassessed value. The value is not a representation of current market value, but the assessed valuation at the time the City forecloses on the property. The State of New Jersey's Division of Taxation ("Taxation") develops a market value ratio, which is adopted by the City of Camden and applied to the assessed values of donated properties in order to convert the properties to fair market value in the year contributed. Purchased properties are valued at the lower of cost or fair market value upon acquisition. Occasionally, the Agency pays a premium to purchase certain properties in order to assemble a contiguous section of land for redevelopment projects. When a premium is paid for the property, the Agency records the difference between the fair market value of the land and the purchase price as a loss on acquisition in the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position. The recorded value of properties owned are periodically considered for impairment. Properties are written down to market value when it is determined that impairment of value has occurred.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued)

Also included in capital assets are small furniture and equipment purchases for which the Agency possesses title, which are capitalized in the statement of net position. This equipment is stated at cost and depreciated using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives of 3-7 years. Other equipment, including office furniture and copiers, utilized by the Agency is the property of the City of Camden. Therefore, no depreciation expense related to these fixed assets is recorded in the Agency's financial statements.

Net Assets

The Agency is required to report net position in the following three components:

<u>Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt</u> - This component of net position consists of unrestricted and restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balance of loans and accumulated interest attributed to the acquisition of those assets.

<u>Restricted</u> - This represents the net position for which use is limited by external parties. There was no restricted net position as of December 31, 2012 and 2011.

<u>Unrestricted</u> - Unrestricted net position represents amounts for which the use is not externally restricted.

Operating and Non-operating Revenues and Expenses

The Agency defines revenue and expense transactions that support the principal ongoing operations of the Agency as operating including grant revenue, project management and administrative fees, rental income and acquisition/sale of land. Non-operating revenues and expenses include transactions derived from other than exchange and exchange-like transactions, such as interest expense.

Grant Revenue

The Agency recognizes grant revenue when earned on an accrual basis; that is, activities prerequisite to obtaining benefit have been completed, such as, complying with the terms and conditions of the grant agreement.

Income Taxes

As a governmental entity, the Agency's income is exempt from taxes in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 115.

Compensated Absences

Full-time employees are entitled to fifteen paid sick leave days each year. Unused sick leave may be accumulated and carried forward from year-to-year. Vacation days may be accumulated for up to two years, after which time any unused accumulated vacation time will be cancelled. At least five vacation days must be taken during each year. In the event of separation from employment, the payment of accumulated vacation leave will be disbursed to the employee.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

B. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

New Jersey statutes permit the deposit of public funds into institutions located in New Jersey that are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") or by any other agencies of the United States that insure deposits.

New Jersey statutes require public depositories to maintain collateral for deposits of public funds that exceed insurance limits as follows:

- (a) The market value of the collateral must equal 5% of the average daily balance of public funds; or
- (b) If the public funds deposited exceed 75% of the capital funds of the depository, the depository must provide collateral having a market value equal to 100% of the amount exceeding 75%.

All collateral must be deposited with the Federal Reserve Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank Board, or a banking institution that is a member of the Federal Reserve System and has capital funds of not less than \$25,000,000.

Custodial Credit Risk-Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Agency's deposits may not be returned to it. Deposits were made with contracted depository banks in interestbearing accounts that were insured under the Government Unit Deposit Protection Act of the State of New Jersey ("GUDPA"). All such deposits are held in the Agency's name. Deposits in excess of amounts covered by the FDIC are covered by a collateral pool maintained by the banks under GUDPA requirements. The Agency's deposits are summarized as follows:

		Decem	ber 31,		
	2(012	2011		
	Book	Bank	Book	Bank	
	Balance	Balance	Balance	Balance	
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$3,272,258</u>	<u>\$ 3,497,919</u>	<u>\$ 3,936,134</u>	<u>\$4,082,569</u>	

C. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable consist of the following:

		2012		2011
Urban Enterprise Zone Authority	\$	60,697	\$	62,803
Less: allowance for uncollectible amounts		21,317		21,317
Total accounts receivable, net	<u>\$</u>	39,380	<u>\$</u>	41,486

D. NOTES RECEIVABLE

Notes receivable consist of the following:

		Deceml	ber	31,
		2012		2011
Mortgage note due in five annual installments of \$120,000				
commencing 8/27/2016. Interest accrues on the unpaid				
principal balance at a rate of 5% per annum beginning August	<u>\$</u>	600,000	<u>\$</u>	600,000
19, 2016.				
Total notes receivable	<u>\$</u>	600,000	<u>\$</u>	600,000

December 31,

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

E. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, was as follows:

		20	12	
	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increase	<u>Decrease</u>	Balance
Non-depreciable assets Land inventory Total non-depreciable assets	<u>\$42,001,706</u> 42,001,706	<u>\$ 2,416,875</u> 2,416,875	<u>\$ (4,342,169)</u> (4,342,169)	<u>\$40,076,412</u> 40,076,412
Depreciable assets Furniture and equipment	114,016	-	-	114,016
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(114,016)</u>			(114,016)
Total depreciable assets		***		
Capital assets, net	<u>\$42,001,706</u>	<u>\$ 2,416,875</u>	<u>\$ (4,342,169)</u>	<u>\$40,076,412</u>
		20)11	
	Beginning	20)11	Ending
	Beginning Balance	20	Decrease	Ending Balance
Non-depreciable assets	~ ~			•
Non-depreciable assets Land inventory	~ ~			•
•	Balance	Increase	Decrease	Balance
Land inventory	Balance \$35,827,020	Increase		Balance \$42,001,706 42,001,706
Land inventory Total non-depreciable assets	Balance \$35,827,020	Increase		Balance \$42,001,706
Land inventory Total non-depreciable assets Depreciable assets	Balance \$35,827,020 35,827,020	Increase		Balance \$42,001,706 42,001,706

The market value ratio developed by Taxation and adopted by the Agency was 1.1673 and 1.2091 for 2012 and 2011, respectively. This rate was applied to contributed land in the year donated in order to convert from the tax-assessed value to fair market value. During 2011, the City of Camden performed a reassessment of all properties within the City of Camden, including those owned by the Agency. Based on the results of the reassessment, there was no impairment of the recorded value of the land owned by the Agency that would require a loss on impairment to be recognized.

F. INTERGOVERNMENTAL LOANS PAYABLE

The Agency has a loan payable of \$96,138 as of December 31, 2012 and 2011, to the New Jersey Redevelopment Authority, secured by a property located in the City of Camden. Loan proceeds were used for professional studies for the Gateway North Shopping Center Development. Repayments of the entire principal and accumulated interest, at a 4% interest rate, commences one year after the sale of the property or when construction of the shopping center begins, whichever is earlier. As of December 31, 2012, the conditions for repayment had not yet been met.

The Agency also has a loan from the County of Camden. This agreement, made in December 1993 for \$114,260 at an annual interest rate of 7.1%, was for a study to be undertaken to examine the engineering, architectural and financial potential for the re-use or disposition of the General Electric Company Facilities. The balance on the note was \$114,260 as of December 31, 2012 and 2011. Repayments of the entire principal and accumulated interest on this loan are due on demand.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

G. PENSION AND RETIREMENT PLANS

Simplified Employee Pension Plan

The Agency has a Simplified Employee Pension Plan ("SEP") available for all its employees. Employees are 100% vested in the SEP/IRA contribution at all times. The Agency did not make contributions to the plan in 2012 or 2011.

Pension and Retirement Plans

Full-time employees of the Agency are covered by the Public Employees' Retirement System of the State of New Jersey ("PERS"). The Division of Pensions within the Treasury Department of the State of New Jersey is the administrator of PERS and charges employers annually for their respective contributions. PERS provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. PERS is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan and, as such, does not maintain separate records for each employer in the state; therefore, the actuarial data for the Agency is not available. The Division of Pensions issues a publicly available financial report for PERS, including financial statements and required supplementary information. Please refer to State website www.state.nj.us for more information regarding the plan. The PERS financial report may be obtained by writing to the State of New Jersey, Department of The Treasury, Division of Pensions and Benefits, P.O. Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0295.

As a condition of employment, all Agency full-time employees are required to be members of PERS. A member may retire on a service retirement allowance as early as age 60; no minimum service is required. The formula for benefits is an annual allowance in the amount equal to years of service, divided by 55, times the final average salary. For a few employees hired after July 1, 2008, the formula changes and years of service is divided by 62, times the final average salary. Final average salary means the average of the salaries received by the member for the last three years of creditable membership service preceding retirement or the highest three fiscal years of membership service, whichever provides the largest benefit. Pension benefits fully vest on reaching 10 years of service. Vested employees who have established 25 years or more of creditable service may retire without penalty or after age 55 and receive full retirement benefits. PERS also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established by State statute.

Covered Agency employees are required by PERS to contribute 6.64% of their salaries. State statute requires the Agency to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to pay benefits when due. The amount of the Agency contribution is certified each year by PERS on the recommendation of the actuary, who makes an annual actuarial valuation. The valuation is based on a determination of the financial condition of the retirement system. It includes the computation of the present dollar value of benefits payable to former and present members and the present dollar value of future employer and employee contributions, giving effect to mortality among active and retired members and also to the rates of disability, retirement, withdrawal, former service, salary and interest. The actuarial contribution requirements and the contributions made for the years ended December 31, 2012 and 2011, were \$100,798 and \$112,810, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

H. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Agency is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Agency maintains commercial insurance coverage for property, liability and surety bonds.

I. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Agency is a defendant in several legal proceedings. It is believed that the outcome, or exposure to the Agency, from such litigation is either inestimable or potential losses would not be material to the financial statements. Therefore, no liability has been recognized in the financial statements.

In 2010, the Agency was awarded \$11,926,887 of Neighborhood Stabilization Program II funds under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 ("ARRA"). Under the terms of the award, the Agency has twenty-four months to expend half of the grant amount, and thirty-six months to expend the entire grant amount. The Agency met the requirement to expend half of the grant amount in February 2012 and expended the full amount as of February 2013.

J. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The City of Camden provides employees and office space to the Agency at no charge. The value of these contributed services and rent is estimated at \$0 and \$37,605 for 2012, respectively, and \$1,777 and \$37,605 for 2011, respectively. The cost of liability insurance is also contributed by the City of Camden. However, this cost cannot reasonably be estimated; consequently, no amounts have been reported in the financial statements for this liability insurance.

K. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated events that occurred after December 31, 2012, but before April 23, 2013, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. No matters were determined by management to require disclosure.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Year Ended December 31, 2012

		*
Total Cumulative <u>Expenditures</u>	196,506 200,000 199,824 32,211 32,235 32,235	10.052.754 10.945.741
1	222''222	73
Current Year Expenditures	48,062 22,062 2,202 2,202 2,202 2,202	6.297.243 6.373.973
Cu Exper	(0	0.0
	07	1071
q	30/12 30/12 30/11 30/13 30/13	11/13
Grant Period	5/60 - 5/60 - 5/60 -	- 02/3
Grant	0/01/09 - 09/30/12 0/01/09 - 09/30/12 0/01/08 - 09/30/11 0/01/08 - 09/30/13 0/01/10 - 09/30/13 0/01/10 - 09/30/13	01/14/10 - 02/11/13
	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	01/
l l nt	733, 8000	31
Program /ard Amot Received	200,000 27,280 27,280 21,043 20,973 21,772	9,364,663 9,855,731
Program Award Amount <u>Received</u>	()	ත් ත් භ
		,
CFDA Number	66.818 66.818 66.818 66.818 66.818 66.818 66.818 66.818	14.256
οŽ	8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	7
	street)	_
itle	n Age treet) cond S st) & Urb	zation
ram T	RRA RRA RRA RRA RRA RRA RRA I RRA I Stree using	Stabili
r/Prog	e - AF e - AF 55 N. Fr ck of N. Fr of Ho	poor
ranto	nmen sstanc essme y Lot y Lot 4-330 0 Bloo 0 Bloo 0 Bloo	ghbor)
Federal Grantor/Program Tit <u>le</u>	Enviro Is Sut Batter Batter (32 el (32 el (12 Depart	it: Nei ARRA
Led Led	d States Environmental Protection Agency: Hazardous Substance - ARRA Petroleum Assessment - ARRA Tire and Battery Lot 5 Tire and Battery Lot 4 ABC Barrel (324-330 N. Front Street) ABC Barrel (300 Block of N. Second Street) ABC Barrel (121-123 Penn Street) d States Department of Housing & Urban	pmer m II (v
	United States Environmental Protection Agency: Hazardous Substance - ARRA Petroleum Assessment - ARRA Tire and Battery Lot 5 Tire and Battery Lot 4 ABC Barrel (324-330 N. Front Street) ABC Barrel (300 Block of N. Second Stree ABC Barrel (121-123 Penn Street) United States Department of Housing & Urban	Development: Neighborhood Stabilization Program II (ARRA)
	n n	Lad Lda

* Denotes major program.

	State	Program Award		Current	Total
	Account	Amount	Grant Dariod	Year Expenditures	Cumulative Expenditures
State Grantor/Program 1 title					
					2 A 600 060
Central Waterfront Parking	P16137	\$ 4,870,968	11/04/04 until completion	901700 201700	2,731,012
Campbell's Soup	P18198	3,090,050		20 TON	104.989
North Camden Infrastructure	P2560/	108,808	40/98/05 until completion		644.478
Cramer Hill Streetscape	244017	044'440	05/19/04 until completion	72.161	422,723
Neighborhood & Redevelopment I	020014	400 400			189.058
Neighborhood & Redevelopment II	P16904	190,000		13.960	4,984,845
Demolition Fund	P15365	4,800,110		1	3,298,222
301 Market	P1/193	3,300,000 680 866	01/01/07 intil completion	,	303,636
Mixed Site Acquisition	F2U265	100 661		1	233,910
Tire & Battery	PZU200	5 000 000	09/04/04 until completion	•	5,000,000
Centerville Hope Vi	110017	0,000,000	01/01/07 until completion	•	47,100
Cooper Plaza	720203 D16441	149 216	10/14/04 until completion	149,216	149,216
The Terraces	D16130	230 793	09/04/04 until completion		209,737
Cathedral Soup Kitchen	71017		06/09/09 until completion		80,000
River Road Affordable Housing	710/1/ 047403	1 542 724	10/01/06 until completion	145,136	1,682,687
Radio Loft - Building 8	1-1-400	1,272,145	01/04/05 intil completion	191.673	73,311,659
New Jersey School Development Authority/ Catto School	A/N	0.100		•	
State of New Jersey, Department of the Treasury.		412 500	07/01/08 - 12/31/09	t	825,000
Development of Community Facilities	V/24NL5810	880	until completion		8,800
Harrison Landfill	CDG-05-105	947.443	until completion		541,557
Special Purpose Grant	CDG-07-P03	1.850,000	07/01/08 - 12/31/09		1,850,000
Kooseveit Plaza		•			
New Jersey Economic Development Autionly, mazer and brandle of the					*
Keffediauon, runu. Harrisse 1 aadfil	P20557	4,703,850	12/11/07 until completion	1,198,226	0,101,494
Harrison Landfil	P24794	1,248,000	02/01/09 until completion	158,411	1,140,715
	P29262	2,993,388		2,993,366	× 040,000
Harrison Landfil	P17855	2,954,850		2,954,850	
Harrison Landill	P34309	4,293,712		4,293,112	4, K 00, 1 K
Block N	P20369	33,445			300.053
Tire & Battery	P21145	281,215		5 1	287,335
East Village	P27089	381,080	00/04/08 unui completion		193.401
Sycamore Street/Oasis	P23306	10201020		ı	275,532
ABC Barrel	PZ3392	A14,948		t	25,477
Building 8	P/20/33	040	00/20/00 until completion		43,327
Building 8	P.23/ / 2	190,04	08/06/09 until completion		1,408,641
Building 8	L 2004 -	000'000'I			
New Jersey Urban Enterprise Zone Authority	07-32	147.371	09/13/06 until completion	2,526	280,059
Roosevelt Place	N/A	62,800	06/01/07 until completion		62,800
Kaighn Avenue	N/A	29,374	until completion	•	29,374
Campbell Soup Liniversity of Maclining & Dentisty of New Jersev/ Block 190	N/A	4,961,031	09/20/06 until completion	•	4,357,848
University of Medicine & Denison of Environmental Protection/ Green Acres/					1 015 105
Rew Jersey Jepannian of Linkingham and the Ronsevelt Place	N/A	1,262,408	10/16/09 - 10/16/11	•	4 820 181
New Jersey Redevelopment Authority/ Building 8	04-22	2.059.578	02/25/09 Unul completion	\$ 12.226.601	s 128,692.369
				And the second se	

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF STATE AWARDS

* Denotes major program.

See note to schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards.

22

NOTE TO THE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS

Year Ended December 31, 2012

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal and state awards include the federal and state grant activity of the Agency and are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in these schedules is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations* and State of New Jersey Circular Letter 04-04-OMB. Therefore, some amounts presented in these schedules may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Year Ended December 31, 2012

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued: Unqualified

Internal control over financial reporting:

۲	Material weaknesses identified?		yes	<u>X</u>	no
۲	Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?		yes	<u>x</u>	none reported
Nonc	ompliance material to financial statements noted?		yes	<u>X</u>	no
	ral and State Awards nal control over major programs:				
	Material weaknesses identified?		yes	Х	no
-	Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?		yes	x	none reported
Туре	of auditors' report issued on compliance for major pro-	ograms: <i>Ur</i>	nqualified		
-	audit findings disclosed that are required to be reporte accordance with section 510(a) of Circular A-133?		yes	X	no

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (CONTINUED)

Year Ended December 31, 2012

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results (Continued)

Identification of major programs:

CFDA Number / State Account Number Name of Federal / State Program

14.256	United States Department of Housing & Urban Development: Neighborhood Stabilization Program II (ARRA)
P20557, P24794, P29262, P17855, P34309	New Jersey Economic Development Authority, Hazardous Discharge Site Remediation Fund - Harrison Landfill
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between ty type B programs for federal awards:	pe A and <u>\$300,000</u>
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between ty type B programs for state awards:	pe A and <u>\$366,798</u>
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee for federa	I purposes? X yes no
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee for state p	ourposes? <u>X</u> yes no

All federal and state payroll tax returns were filed in a timely manner, and all required tax payments were made.

Section II - Financial Statement Findings None

Section III - Federal and State Award Findings and Questioned Costs None



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Commissioners of City of Camden Redevelopment Agency

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the business-type activities of City of Camden Redevelopment Agency (the "Agency") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2012, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 23, 2013.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Agency's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purposes of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Celebrating 50 Years of Leading by Example

26

P.O. Box 7648 • Princeton, NJ 08543-7648 • 609.689.9700 • Fax 609.689.9720

The McGladrey Alliance is a premier affiliation of independent accounting and consulting firms. The McGladrey Alliance member firms maintain their name, autonomy and independence and are responsible for their own client fee arrangements, delivery of services and maintenance of client relationships.

- An Independently Owned Member, MCGLadrey Alliance
- American Institute of Certified Public Accountants
- New Jersey Society of Certified Public Accountants
- New York Society of Certified Public Accountants
- PENNSYLVANIA INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
- AICPA's Private Companies Practice Section
- AICPA's Center for Audit Quality
- REGISTERED WITH THE PCAOB

www.mercadien.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Agency's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Agency's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mercadion, PC Certified Leblic Accountanter

April 23, 2013



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL AND STATE PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON THE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133 AND STATE OF NEW JERSEY CIRCULAR LETTER 04-04-OMB

To the Commissioners of City of Camden Redevelopment Agency

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal and State Program

We have audited the City of Camden Redevelopment Agency's (the "Agency") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* and State of New Jersey Circular Letter 04-04-OMB that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Agency's major federal or state programs for the year ended December 31, 2012. The Agency's major federal and state programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its federal and state programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Agency's major federal and state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; OMB Circular A-133 *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations;* and State of New Jersey Circular Letter 04-04-OMB. Those standards and circulars require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal or state program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Agency's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Agency's compliance.

Celebrating 50 Years of Leading by Example

P.O. Box 7648 • Princeton, NJ 08543-7648 • 609.689.9700 • Fax 609.689.9720

 An Independently Owned Member, MCGLadrey Alliance

- American Institute of Certified Public Accountants
- New Jersey Society of Certified Public Accountants
- New York Society of Certified Public Accountants
- PENNSYLVANIA INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
- AICPA's Private Companies Practice Section
- AICPA'S CENTER FOR AUDIT QUALITY
- · REGISTERED WITH THE PCAOB

www.mercadien.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL AND STATE PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE; AND REPORT ON THE SCHEDULES OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AND STATE AWARDS REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133 AND STATE OF NEW JERSEY CIRCULAR LETTER 04-04-OMB (CONTINUED)

Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program

In our opinion, the Agency complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal and state programs for the year ended December 31, 2012.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Agency is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Agency's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal or state program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and State of New Jersey Circular Letter 04-04-OMB, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance of a federal or state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133 and State of New Jersey Circular Letter 04-04-OMB. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mercadien, PC Certified Libly accounterate

April 23, 2013